



# Integrin $\beta$ 3 (phospho Tyr773) Polyclonal Antibody

<b>Catalog No</b>	YP-Ab-16881
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Applications</b>	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
<b>Gene Name</b>	ITGB3
<b>Protein Name</b>	Integrin beta-3
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Integrin beta3 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr773. AA range:739-788
<b>Specificity</b>	Phospho-Integrin $\beta$ 3 (Y773) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Integrin $\beta$ 3 protein only when phosphorylated at Y773.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Source</b>	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000.. IF 1:50-200
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Purity</b>	$\geq$ 90%
<b>Storage Stability</b>	-20°C/1 year
<b>Synonyms</b>	ITGB3; GP3A; Integrin beta-3; Platelet membrane glycoprotein IIIa; GPIIIa; CD antigen CD61
<b>Observed Band</b>	130kD
<b>Cell Pathway</b>	Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Cell projection, lamellipodium membrane . Cell junction, focal adhesion . Cell junction, synapse, postsynaptic cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein . Cell junction, synapse .
<b>Tissue Specificity</b>	Isoform beta-3A and isoform beta-3C are widely expressed. Isoform beta-3A is specifically expressed in osteoblast cells; isoform beta-3C is specifically expressed in prostate and testis.
<b>Function</b>	disease:Defects in ITGB3 are a cause of Glanzmann thrombasthenia (GT) [MIM:273800]; also known as thrombasthenia of Glanzmann and Naegeli. GT is the most common inherited disease of platelets. Its inheritance is autosomal recessive. It is characterized by mucocutaneous bleeding of mild-to-moderate severity and the inability of this integrin to recognize macromolecular or synthetic peptide ligands. GT has been classified clinically into types I and II. In type I, platelets show absence of the glycoprotein IIb-IIIa complexes at their surface and lack fibrinogen and clot retraction capability. In type II, the platelets express the GPIIb-IIIa complex at reduced levels (5-20% controls), have detectable amounts of fibrinogen, and have low or moderate clot retraction capability. The platelets of GT variants have normal or near normal (60-100%) expression of dysfunctional



receptors.,function:Int

**Background**

The ITGB3 protein product is the integrin beta chain beta 3. Integrins are integral cell-surface proteins composed of an alpha chain and a beta chain. A given chain may combine with multiple partners resulting in different integrins. Integrin beta 3 is found along with the alpha IIb chain in platelets. Integrins are known to participate in cell adhesion as well as cell-surface mediated signalling. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

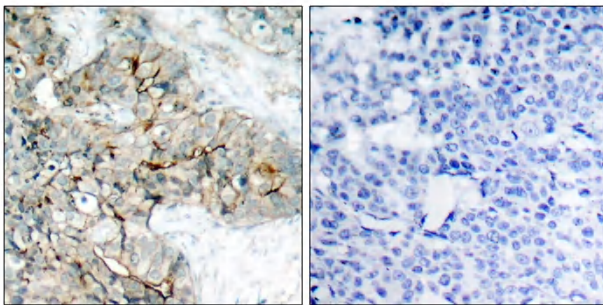
**matters needing attention**

Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

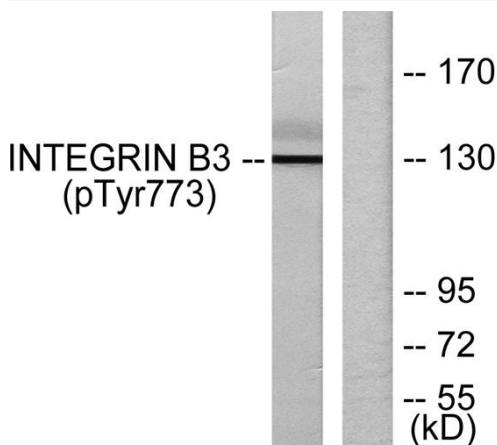
**Usage suggestions**

This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.

**Products Images**



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Integrin beta3 (Phospho-Tyr773) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from HL-60 cells treated with H2O2, using Integrin beta3 (Phospho-Tyr773) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.